

$$a) (x+1) - 27\sqrt{x+1} + 170 = 0$$

Sätt  $\sqrt{x+1} = t$ . Då  $x+1 = t^2$  och

$$t^2 - 27t + 170 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t = \frac{27}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{27}{2}\right)^2 - 170} = \frac{27}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{49}{4}} = \frac{27}{2} \pm \frac{7}{2}$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$t_1 = 17, t_2 = 10$$

Återsubstituera.

$$t_1 = 17 \text{ ger } \sqrt{x+1} = 17 \Leftrightarrow x = 17^2 - 1 = \underline{288}$$

$$t_2 = 10 \text{ ger } \sqrt{x+1} = 10 \Leftrightarrow x = 10^2 - 1 = \underline{99}$$

$$b) \sqrt{t+9} - \sqrt{t} = 1 \quad (\text{kommer att kräva } \underline{\text{två}} \text{ kvadreringar})$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\sqrt{t+9} - \sqrt{t}\right)^2 = 1^2$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$t+9 - 2\sqrt{t+9} \cdot \sqrt{t} + t = 1$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$2t+8 = 2\sqrt{t+9} \cdot \sqrt{t}$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}
t+4 &= \sqrt{t+9} \cdot \sqrt{t} \\
\Rightarrow \\
(t+4)^2 &= (\sqrt{t+9} \cdot \sqrt{t})^2 \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
t^2 + 8t + 16 &= (t+9) \cdot t \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
t^2 + 8t + 16 &= t^2 + 9t \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
t &= \underline{16}
\end{aligned}$$

Undersök i ursprungseku om  $t=16$  duger

$$\begin{aligned}
VL &= \sqrt{16+9} - \sqrt{16} = 5 - 4 = 1 \quad \text{JA,} \\
HL &= 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
c) \quad \sqrt{s+13} - \sqrt{7-s} &= 2 \\
\Rightarrow \\
(\sqrt{s+13} - \sqrt{7-s})^2 &= 2^2 \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
s+13 - 2\sqrt{s+13}\sqrt{7-s} + 7-s &= 4 \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
16 &= 2\sqrt{s+13}\sqrt{7-s} \\
\Leftrightarrow \\
8 &= \sqrt{s+13}\sqrt{7-s} \\
\Rightarrow
\end{aligned}$$

$$8^2 = (s+13)(7-s)$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$64 = 7s - s^2 + 91 - 13s$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$s^2 + 6s - 27 = 0$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$s = -3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 + 27} = -3 \pm 6$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$s_1 = 3, \quad s_2 = -9$$

Undersök i ursprungsekv om deger

$$s_1 = 3: \quad VL = \sqrt{3+13} - \sqrt{7-3} = 4-2=2 = HL \quad \text{ok}$$

$$s_2 = -9: \quad VL = \sqrt{-9+13} - \sqrt{7-(-9)} = 2-4 = -2 \quad \text{ej ok}$$

Svar:  $s=3$ .